

Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act

The Drug-Free Schools and Communities Act requires that, as a condition of receiving funds or any other form of financial assistance under any Federal program, an institution of higher education (IHE) must certify that it has adopted and implemented a program to prevent the unlawful possession, use or distribution of illicit drugs and alcohol by student on their campus or any part thereof.

In satisfaction of this mandate and in order to fulfill its obligations under the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989, 20 U.S.C. § 1145g, the College has formulated the following standards of conduct for its students and employees:

1. The possession, manufacture, use, or distribution of alcohol, marijuana, cannabis products or illicit drugs by students and employees on College property, College vehicles or as part of any of the College's officially recognized activities is prohibited.
2. Students may possess and use prescription drugs in accordance with the dosages prescribed by a licensed medical provider authorized to prescribe such medications.
3. Employees are prohibited from reporting to work and/or from operating or using any College equipment, machinery, or vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, marijuana, cannabis products or controlled substances
4. Students are prohibited from reporting to any curricular or co-curricular class/activity and/or from operating or using any College equipment, machinery, or vehicle while under the influence of alcohol, marijuana, cannabis products or controlled substances.

Student Disciplinary Procedures – Violations of these standards will be referred to the Dean of Student Affairs and Services and may be referred directly to local authorities. Students found guilty of violating these standards of conduct will be subject to one or more of the following sanctions: referral to an appropriate community drug/alcohol treatment program; disciplinary warning; disciplinary probation; restitution; revocation of privileges; restriction of activities; disciplinary suspension; disciplinary expulsion. Definitions and accompanying procedures of these sanctions pertaining to students can be found in the Student Code of Conduct. In addition, the violations may be referred to law enforcement agencies which may result in arrest and criminal conviction. The possible penalties for violating federal, state or local laws are described below. The College reserves the right to take any other action considered necessary by college officials.

Guidelines - In implementing this policy, the following guidelines will be followed:

1. All New Jersey laws pertaining to alcohol and drug use will be observed, including, but not limited to, legal drinking age, prohibitions against providing alcohol to minors, and restrictions against operation of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs. Compliance with these laws will be assumed in what follows.
2. The laws of the State of New Jersey pertaining to the unlawful possession, use or distribution of illegal drugs and controlled substances shall be followed specifically. Violations will be referred to Public Safety and/or local law enforcement. If a person's behavior violates a College regulation and the civil law simultaneously, the College may take disciplinary action independent of that taken by local authorities.

3. No advertising for beer or other alcohol, marijuana or other cannabis products will be accepted in any campus publication or for display on campus.
4. Neither the college nor any group of Passaic County Community College, whether officially or unofficially, will be permitted to use any organizational funds held by the institution for the purchase of any kind of alcoholic beverage, marijuana or other cannabis products.

Employee Disciplinary Procedures – Employees who violate the above standards will be reported to the Director of Human Resources and may be referred to all applicable local authorities. Employees found to have violated these standards of conduct will be subject to progressive discipline up to and including termination of employment.

Drug and Alcohol Abuse Prevention - Passaic County Community College refers students with alcohol and drug abuse problems to community-based treatment and rehabilitation programs. The Division of Student Affairs annually conducts a Health Fair and periodically publishes written information, both of which emphasize the health risks associated with alcohol and drug abuse and drug and alcohol counseling, rehabilitation and reentry programs. In addition, the college sponsors numerous educational programs throughout the year. They are specifically concerned with information and prevention of alcohol and drug abuse and are open to all members of the college community.

The Office of Human Resources refers employees with alcohol and substance abuse problems to the Employee Assistance Program at Care Plus New Jersey. This program offers confidential support, short term counseling, referrals, and follow-up services to all employees, as well as their family members.

Description of Health Risks Associated with the Use of Illicit Drugs and Abuse of Alcohol

- **Alcohol**
 - Profound acute impact on cognitive functioning, i.e., loss of inhibitions, disruption of memory functions.
 - Profound chronic impact on cognitive functioning, e.g., permanent memory impairment, dementia.
 - Impaired coordination.
 - Increased risk of cancer, stroke, heart disease, heart conduction disturbances, stomach lesions, intestinal track injury and liver damage.
 - Sexual functioning disturbances.
 - Increased risk of accidents, including drowning, fires and falls.
 - Increased risk of violence.
- **Amphetamines (Speed, Ups, Pep Pills, Meth)**
 - Elevated heart rate, blood pressure and respiration rate.
 - Decreased appetite.
 - Effects at high doses include: cognitive confusion, physical disorganization, inability to relax and sleep, teeth-grinding, dry mouth, muscle twitching, convulsions, fever, chest pain, irregular heart beat and lethal overdose.

- **Barbiturates, Sedatives, Tranquilizers (Yellow Jackets, Reds, Red Devils, Ludes, PCP or Angel Dust)**
 - Difficulty concentrating, maintaining coordination and staying awake.
 - Reduces cognitive and motor functioning.
 - Increases accident risks.
 - Effects at high doses include: slurred speech, staggering, decreased ability to reason and solve problems, difficulty in judging distance and time, double vision, amnesia, depressed breathing, coma, brain damage and respiratory failure, especially when mixed with alcohol.

- **Cocaine (Coke, Crack, Blow)**
 - Increase heart rate, blood pressure, breathing rate, and body temperature.
 - Constriction of blood vessels.
 - Pupillary dilation.
 - Effects at high doses include: cognitive confusion and physical disorganization, perspiration, chills, elevated heart rate, nausea, vomiting, hallucinations and possible death from convulsions and respiratory arrest.

- **Hallucinogens (LSD or Acid, Mesc, DMT, DET)**
 - Alterations of sensory, emotional and cognitive functioning.
 - Elevated heart rate, blood pressure, and body temperature.
 - Pupillary dilation, nausea, muscle weakness, dizziness, tremors and exaggeration of normal reflexes.
 - Risk of accidents, disorientation, wide mood swings, flashbacks.
 - Possible psychosis.

- **Heroin (H, Horse, Smack)**
 - Reduces cognitive and physical prowess.
 - Blocks hunger.
 - Dull aggression.
 - Blocks menstrual cycle.
 - Reduces sex drive.
 - Constricts pupils.
 - Induces drowsiness and sedation.
 - Causes constipation, itchy skin.
 - Increases accident risk.
 - High risk of respiratory collapse with overdose.

- **Inhalants (Poppers, Snappers, Rush, Glue)**
 - Initial excitement, sedation and confusion.
 - Prolonged or regular use could cause bone marrow depression, cerebral damage, liver and kidney disorders, irregular heartbeat and blood pressure, and respiratory disorders.

- **Marijuana**
 - Risks of short term memory problems, lung damage, major slowdown in cognitive functioning, loss of alertness and productiveness.
 - Possible psychosis with chronic use.

Federal Penalties and Sanctions for Illegal Possession of Controlled Substances:

Federal Trafficking Penalties

DRUG/SCHEDULE	QUANTITY	PENALTIES	QUANTITY	PENALTIES
Cocaine (Schedule II)	500 - 4999 gms mixture	First Offense: Not less than 5 yrs, and not more than 40 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than \$5 million if an individual, \$25 million if not an individual Second Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$8 million if an individual, \$50 million if not an individual	5 kgs or more mixture	First Offense: Not less than 10 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 or more than life. Fine of not more than \$10 million if an individual, \$50 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not less than 15 yrs, and not more than life. If death or serious injury, life imprisonment. Fine of not more than \$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if not an individual. 2 or More Prior Offenses: Not less than 25 years. Fine of not more than \$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if not an individual.
Cocaine Base (Schedule II)	28-279 gms mixture		280 gms or more mixture	
Fentanyl (Schedule IV)	40 - 399 gms mixture		400 gms or more mixture	
Fentanyl Analogue (Schedule I)	10 - 99 gms mixture		100 gms or more mixture	
Heroin (Schedule I)	100 - 999 gms mixture		1 kg or more mixture	
LSD (Schedule I)	1 - 9 gms mixture		10 gms or more mixture	
Methamphetamine (Schedule II)	5 - 49 gms pure or 50 - 499 gms mixture		50 gms or more pure or 500 gms or more mixture	
PCP (Schedule II)	10 - 99 gms pure or 100 - 999 gms mixture		100 gm or more pure or 1 kg or more mixture	
PENALTIES				
Other Schedule I & II drugs (and any drug product containing Gamma Hydroxybutyric Acid)	Any amount	First Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 20 yrs, or more than Life. Fine \$1 million if an individual, \$5 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 30 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than life. Fine \$2 million if an individual, \$10 million if not an individual.		
Flunitrazepam (Schedule IV)	1 gm			

Other Schedule III drugs	Any amount	First Offense: Not more than 10 years. If death or serious injury, not less than 15 yrs, Fine not more than \$500,000 if an individual, \$2.5 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 20 yrs. If death or serious injury, not less than 30 yrs, Fine not more than \$1 million if an individual, \$5 million if not an individual.
All other Schedule IV drugs (except Flunitrazepam)	Any amount	First Offense: Not more than 5 years. Fine not more than \$250,000 if an individual, \$1 million if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 10 yrs. Fine not more than \$500,000 if an individual, \$2 million if not an individual.
Flunitrazepam (Schedule IV)	1 gm or more	
All Schedule V drugs	Any amount	First Offense: Not more than 1 yr. Fine not more than \$100,000 if an individual, \$250,000 if not an individual. Second Offense: Not more than 4 yrs. Fine not more than \$200,000 if an individual, \$500,000 if not an individual.

Federal Trafficking Penalties - Marijuana

DRUG	QUANTITY	1st OFFENSE	2nd OFFENSE
Marijuana	1,000 kg or more mixture; or 1,000 or more plants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not less than 10 years, not more than life If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life Fine not more than \$10 million if an individual, \$50 million if other than an individual 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not less than 15 years, not more than life If death or serious injury, mandatory life in prison. Fine not more than \$20 million if an individual, \$75 million if other than an individual
Marijuana	100 kg to 999 kg mixture; or 100 to 999 plants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not less than 5 years, not more than 40 years If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life Fine not more than \$5 million if an individual, \$25 million if other than an individual 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not less than 10 years, not more than life If death or serious injury, mandatory life Fine not more than \$8 million if an individual, \$50 million if other than an individual
Marijuana	more than 10 kgs hashish; 50 to 99 kg mixture more than 1 kg of hashish oil; 50 to 99 plants	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not more than 20 years If death or serious injury, not less than 20 years, not more than life Fine \$1 million if an individual, \$5 million if other than an individual 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not more than 30 years If death or serious injury, mandatory life Fine \$2 million if an individual, \$10 million if other than individual
Marijuana	1 to 49 plants; less than 50 kg mixture	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not more than 5 years Fine not more than \$250,000, \$1 million other than individual 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Not more than 10 years Fine \$500,000 if an individual, \$2 million if other than individual
Hashish	10 kg or less		
Hashish Oil	1 kg or less		

Note: These are only Federal penalties and sanctions. Additional State penalties and sanctions may apply. The charts were taken from United States Department of Justice, Drug Enforcement Administration, Drugs of Abuse. These charts summarize trafficking penalties under Federal law for various types of drugs.

Alcohol/Drug Related New Jersey Laws and Penalties

Driving While Intoxicated	
Statute	Penalty
<p><i>Operating Motor Vehicles while Under the Influence of Intoxicants (N.J.S.A. 39:4-50)</i></p> <p>A person is said to be legally intoxicated in New Jersey if their blood alcohol concentration is at or above 0.08%. A person may also be arrested and charged with driving while intoxicated (DWI) if the individual is determined to be under the influence of alcohol or drugs, regardless of the blood alcohol concentration level. A person can also be charged with or convicted of DWI for "allowing" an intoxicated driver to operate their vehicle.</p>	<p>First Offense If Blood Alcohol Concentration (BAC) is 0.08% or higher, but less than 0.10%, the penalties are a fine of \$250-\$400; up to 30 day jail term; minimum of six hours per day for two consecutive days in an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center; installation of ignition interlock device in motor vehicle the person most often operates for a period of 3 months. insurance surcharge of \$1,000 a year for three years. If BAC is 0.10% or higher, but less than 0.15%, the penalties are a fine of \$300-\$500; up to 30 day jail term; loss of license for 7-12 months; minimum of six hours per day for two consecutive days in an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center; installation of ignition interlock device in motor vehicle the person most often operates for a period of not less than 7 months nor more than 1 year after license is restored, insurance surcharge of \$1,000 a year for three years. If BAC is 0.15% or higher, in addition to the penalties above, installation of an ignition interlock device during the license suspension period and for a period of 9-15 months after license is restored.</p> <p>Second Offense Fine of no less than \$500 nor more than \$1000; loss of license for 2 years; community service for 30 days from 48 hours - 90 day jail term; 48 hours detainment in an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center; insurance surcharge of \$1,000 a year for three years; installation of an ignition interlock device for a period of 2-4 years after license is restored.</p> <p>Third Offense There are additional fines and charges of at least \$1,000; loss of license for 8 years; a 180-day jail term; insurance surcharge is \$1,500 per year for three years; installation of an ignition interlock device for a period of 2-4 years after license is restored.</p> <p><i>These fines and charges do not include court and legal fees.</i></p>
<p><i>Driving While License is Suspended due to DWI (N.J.S.A. 39:3-40)</i></p>	<p>First Offense If a person is found driving while their license is suspended due to a conviction of Driving While Intoxicated; they will pay a fine of \$1,000; loss of license for a at least 18 months, no more than 30 months; 10-90 days of jail time; and revocation of registration certificate for the period driver's license is suspended (N.J.S.A. 39:3-40, 40.1)</p> <p>Second Offense Fine of \$1,250; loss of license for 18-30 months; 10-90 days of jail time; and revocation of registration certificate for the period driver's license is suspended (N.J.S.A. 39:3-40, 40.1)</p> <p>Third Offense Fine of \$1500; loss of license for 18-30 months 20-100 days of jail time; and revocation of registration certificate for the period driver's license is suspended (N.J.S.A. 39:3-40, 40.1)</p>

<p><i>Refusal to Take the Breathalyzer Test (N.J.S.A. 39:4-50.4a)</i> Every motorist who operates a motor vehicle in New Jersey deems consent to submit to a chemical breath test to determine blood alcohol content. N.J.S.A. 39:4-50.2 (Implied Consent Statute).</p>	<p>First Offense Fine no less than \$300, no more than \$500; loss of license for 7-12 months; installation of ignition interlock device in motor vehicle the person most often operates for a period of not less than 9 months nor more than 15 months referral to Intoxicated Driver Resource Center; insurance surcharge of \$1000 a year for three years; other mandatory fines under N.J.S.A. 39:5-41</p> <p>Second Offense Fine no less than \$500, no more than \$1,000; loss of license for not less than 1 year nor more than 2 years; installation of an ignition interlock device for a period of 2-4 years after license is restored referral to Intoxicated Driver Resource Center; insurance surcharge of \$1000 a year for three years; other mandatory fines under N.J.S.A. 39:5-41</p> <p>Third Offense Fine of \$1,000; loss of license for 8 years; installation of an ignition interlock device for a period of 2-4 years after license is restored referral to Intoxicated Driver Resource Center; insurance surcharge of \$1000 a year for three years; other mandatory fines under N.J.S.A. 39:5-41</p> <p><i>A person can also be convicted of DWI without the results of a breathalyzer test. In that case, they will suffer all the additional fines and penalties specified for the DWI conviction.</i></p>
<p><i>Underage Driver who has Consumed Alcohol (N.J.S.A. 39:4-50.14)</i></p>	<p>Any person under the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages who operates a motor vehicle with a blood alcohol concentration of 0.01% or more, but less than 0.08%, by weight of alcohol in his blood, shall forfeit his right to operate a motor vehicle over the highways of this State or shall be prohibited from obtaining a license to operate a motor vehicle in this State for a period of not less than 30 or more than 90 days beginning on the date he becomes eligible to obtain a license or on the day of conviction, whichever is later, and shall perform community service for a period of not less than 15 or more than 30 days.</p> <p>In addition, the person shall satisfy the program and fee requirements of an Intoxicated Driver Resource Center or participate in a program of alcohol education and highway safety as prescribed by the chief administrator.</p>
<p>Open Alcoholic Beverage Containers</p>	
<p><i>In the Car (N.J.S.A. 39:4-51a)</i></p>	<p>Anyone found to have an open or unsealed container holding alcoholic beverages in a car faces a fine of \$200 for a first offense and a fine of \$250 or 10 days of community service for a second offense.</p>
<p><i>On the Streets</i></p> <p>Passaic - Article II, Chapter 75, §75-23 of the Code of the City of Passaic</p>	<p>Penalties for possessing and consuming alcoholic beverages in public vary from town to town.</p> <p>Passaic - No person shall, within the limits of the City of Passaic, consume any alcoholic beverage or have in his possession any unsealed alcoholic beverage container with an alcoholic beverage therein or discard any alcoholic beverage container while:</p> <p>In or on a public street, lane, roadway, avenue, pathway, sidewalk, public parking place, whether publicly or privately owned, park, playground, recreation area or any other public or quasi-public place or in any public conveyance or upon any land owned or occupied by any federal, state, county or municipal government or upon outdoor facilities owned or operated by the Board of Education of the City of Passaic.</p> <p>In any automobile, whether in motion, or parked, on any of the public streets,</p>

	<p>government or subdivision or agency thereof or upon land or buildings owned or occupied by any federal, state, county or municipal authority or in, on or upon any place to which the public at large is generally invited, unless the same is contained within a closed or sealed container.</p> <p>No person shall have in his possession or possess any alcoholic beverages, consume or offer consumption of the same to any person in and about any private property or quasi-public property without the express permission of the owner thereof.</p> <p>Nothing in the aforementioned subsections shall be construed to prohibit the consumption or sale of alcoholic beverages within any premises licensed for the plenary retail consumption of intoxicating liquors or in any place for which a special permit for a social affair has been issued by the Division of Alcoholic Beverage Control pursuant to its rules and regulations.</p> <p>Any person violating any of the provisions of this chapter shall be subject to a penalty of not more than \$200 or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding 10 days, or both, for each such conviction.</p> <p>Any person convicted for any violation of this chapter may, in the discretion of the Mayor and Council of the Borough of Wanaque, be denied further admittance to the parks of the Borough of Wanaque.</p>
<p>Alcohol and the Under-aged - The purchase and consumption of alcohol and cannabis items is a right extended by the state of New Jersey. The legal age of purchase and consumption of alcoholic beverages in the state of New Jersey is twenty-one.</p>	
<p><i>Possession or Consumption of Alcohol, Cannabis, Marijuana or Hashish in Public places by the Underaged (N.J.S.A. 2C:33-15)</i></p>	<p>Any person under the legal age to purchase alcoholic beverages or cannabis items who knowingly possesses without legal authority or who knowingly consumes any alcoholic beverage in any school, public conveyance, public place, place of public assembly, or motor vehicle shall be subject to the following consequences: for a first violation a written warning shall be issued by a law enforcement officer. If the violation by a person under 18 years of age, a written notification concerning the violation shall be provided to the parent, guardian or other person having legal custody of the underage person; for a second violation a written warning issued by a law enforcement officer to the underage person indicating that a second violation has occurred. If the violation of this section is by a person under 18 years of age, a written notification concerning the violation shall be provided to the parent, guardian or other person having legal custody of the underage person; for a third or subsequent violation a write-up issued by a law enforcement officer to the underage person indicating that a third or subsequent violation has occurred, If the violation is by a person 18 years of age or older, the officer shall include with the write-up a referral for accessing community services and provide notice to that agency or organization of the referral which may also be used to initiate contact with the person, and the agency or organization shall offer assistance to the person with opportunities to access further social services, including but not limited to counseling, tutoring programs, mentoring services, and faith-based or other community initiatives. If the violation is by a person under 18 years of age, a written notification concerning the third or subsequent violation shall be provided to the parent, guardian or other person having legal custody of the underage person.</p>
<p><i>Purchase of Alcohol by/for the Under aged (N.J.S.A. 33:1-81)</i></p>	<p>An underage person who purchases or attempts to purchase alcohol, or lies about their age or a person of legal age who purchases alcohol for an under aged person faces a conviction of a disorderly person's offense, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$500. In addition, underage persons may be required to participate in a state-sponsored alcohol education program.</p>
<p><i>Serving an Alcoholic Beverage to a Minor</i></p>	<p>Anyone who purposely or knowingly offers or serves or makes available an alcoholic beverage to a person under the legal age for consuming alcoholic beverages or entices</p>

<i>(N.J.S.A. 2C:33-17)</i>	that person to drink alcohol or makes real property owned, leased or managed by him available for the consumption of alcohol by under aged persons is a disorderly persons and may be sentenced to a term of imprisonment not to exceed 6 months; and a fine not to exceed \$1,000
<i>Transfer of ID (N.J.S.A. 33:1-81.7)</i>	Someone who is underage and uses another person's ID card to obtain alcohol or cannabis items, or someone of legal age gives their ID card to an underage person so that they can obtain alcohol or cannabis items, faces a fine of up to \$300 or up to 60 days in jail.
<i>False ID (N.J.S.A. 2C:21-2.1)</i>	A person who knowingly sells, offers, or otherwise transfers or intends to transfer a document that simulates a driver's license or other document issued by a government agency and that could be used to verify a person's identity or age is guilty of a crime of the second degree and can be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of 5 to 10 years and a fine of up to \$150,000. A person who knowingly exhibits, displays or utters a document or other writing which falsely purports to be a driver's license, birth certificate or other document issued by a governmental agency and which could be used as a means of verifying a person's identity or age or any other personal identifying information is guilty of a crime of the third degree and can be sentenced to up to 5 years in jail and a fine of up to \$15,000.
Select New Jersey Drug Laws	
N.J.S.A 2C:35-10. Possession, Use or Being Under the Influence, or Failure to Make Lawful Disposition	
Possession with intent to distribute (N.J.S.A. 2C:35-5):	<p>Marijuana (25 pounds or more): 10-20 years in jail and a fine of up to \$300,000; (five pounds or more but less than 25 pounds) 5-10 years in jail and a fine of up to \$25,000; (more than one ounce but less than five pounds) 3-5 years in jail and a fine of up to \$25,000;(one ounce or less) subject to a written warning for the first offense and up to 18 months jail and a fine up to \$10,000 for the second and subsequent offenses.</p> <p>Cocaine (5 ounces or more): 10-20 years in jail (with a 3-5 year* mandatory imprisonment with no parole if amount exceeds 5 oz.) and a fine of up to \$500,000(one-half ounce but less than 5 ounces), 5-10 years in jail and a fine of up to \$150,000; (less than one-half ounce) 3-5 years in jail and a fine of up to \$75,000..</p> <p>Speed (5 ounces or more): 10-20 years in jail and a fine of up to \$300,000, and mandatory loss of driver's license for 6 months to 2 years.; (one-half ounce but less than 5 ounces), 5-10 years in jail and a fine of up to \$150,000; (less than one-half ounce) 3-5 years in jail and a fine of up to \$75,000.</p> <p>LSD(100 mg or more): 10-20 years in jail and a fine of up to \$500,000; (less than 100 mg) 5-10 years in jail and a fine of up to \$150,000.</p> <p>Psilocybin(one ounce or more) 5-10 years in jail and a fine of up to \$150,000; (less than one ounce) 3-5 years in jail and a fine of up to \$75,000.</p> <p>In addition to the above, every defendant convicted of any drug offense (except those convicted of intent to distribute less than 5 pounds of marijuana) will have a mandatory loss of driver's license for not less than 6 months nor more than 2 years.(N.J.S.A. 2C:35-16).</p> <p>In addition to fines, every defendant must pay a mandatory penalty ranging from \$500 to \$3,000 (N.J.S.A. 2C:35-15).</p>
Use or possession of drug paraphernalia with intent to use (N.J.S.A. 2C:36-2):	Disorderly persons' offense punishable by up to 6 months in jail and/or a fine of up to \$1,000and a mandatory loss of driving privileges for 6 months to 2 years.
It is unlawful for any person to deliver drug paraphernalia to a	Delivering drug paraphernalia to person under age 18 is guilty of a third degree crime and can be sentenced to a jail term of 3-5 years and a fine of up to \$15,000.

<p>person under 18 years of age. (N.J.S.A. 2C:36-5)</p> <p>Any person, 18 years or older, who uses, solicits or directs a juvenile (17 years or younger) to manufacture or distribute drugs is guilty of a second-degree crime. (N.J.S.A. 2C:35-6)</p>	<p>Soliciting a minor to manufacture or distribute drugs is guilty of a second degree crime and will be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of at least five years and no more than 10 years and a fine of up to \$500,000</p>
Some New Offenses and Stiffer Penalties that Can Affect the College Student	
New Offenses	Stiffer Penalties
<p>Designer Drugs - These drugs, for example, Ecstasy and the look-alike, are now included in the list of controlled dangerous substances.</p> <p>Criminal Homicide - If a person dies as a result of a drug given by another, the giver of the drug can be charged with criminal homicide.</p> <p>Drug-Free School Zones - There is a special provision in this Act if you are on any school property (elementary or secondary) or within 1000 ft. of any school property or school bus or on any school bus and are convicted of distributing, dispensing or possessing with intent to distribute a controlled dangerous substance, you will be sentenced to a term of imprisonment and a fine up to \$100,000 depending upon amount of the substance you possess. During part of this term of imprisonment you would not be eligible for parole.</p>	<p>There is a penalty of mandatory loss or postponement of driving privileges of at least 6 months upon conviction of many drug offenses, for example, possession of drug paraphernalia such as pipes, sifters, spoons.</p> <p>Especially harsh penalties are established to impose stern punishment for persons involved in illegal manufacture of drugs.</p> <p>If a person distributes a drug to a minor (under the age of 17) or a pregnant female, there is now a stiffer penalty.</p> <p>The Act provides for forfeiture provisions where the state may confiscate a motor vehicle in which any controlled dangerous substance is found, no matter how small the amount.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Law enforcement officers are instructed to enforce all offenses strictly.</i></p>

RESOURCES

Drug and Alcohol problems are treatable. Most often, an individual, responds to tailored treatments that assist in cessations and relapse prevention. Below please find several national, state and local resources that can assist you.

College Community:

SAMHSA National Helpline- 1-800-622-HELP (4357). <http://www.samhsa.gov>.

This free, confidential, 24/7, 365 day a year treatment referral and information service (in English and Spanish) is available for individuals facing mental health and/or substance based

disorders.

Drug Free NJ - 1-800-238-2333 www.drugfreenj.org.

This addictions hotline of NJ provides trained clinically supervised, telephone specialists who are available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week to educate, assist, interview and/or refer individuals and families battling addictions. Calls are free and information shared is confidential.

Passaic County Mental Health and Addiction Resources

<http://www.mhapassaic.org/resources/guide-to-mental-health-services-in-p-c/> There are a number of Mental Health and Addiction resources found in Passaic County. This link will provide you with information regarding these resources.

Enrolled Students:

Passaic County Community College - The Office of Student Advocacy

1-973-684-5554

[Student Advocacy - PCCC](#)

This office, located on the Paterson Campus (Founders Hall E203), can connect students with local community resources.

Employees and Dependents:

Employee Assistance Program

Care Plus New Jersey

610 Valley Health Plaza, Paramus, NJ 07652

1-973-600-4774

The Employee Assistance Program is voluntary, work-based program that offers confidential support, short-term counseling, referrals and follow-up services to employees who are experiencing personal and/or work related stressors. Connect to the Care Plus NJ EAP will allow employees and their dependents to address their mental health and wellness, while having seamless access to additional support services as needed.